November 1 Ezekiel 1-3:15 1. Note the words "appearance", "likeness", "looked like" & "something like" in the description of Ezekiel's vision in chap.1. What do you think these words are communicating to the listener/reader?
2. What is God's call for Ezekiel's ministry? 2:1-8
3. How did Ezekiel respond when God removed him from this vision of heaven & returned him to his fellow exiles? 3:12-15
November 2 Ezekiel 3:16-6:14 1. What were God's instructions to Ezekiel as a watchman over the people? 3:16-21
2. God will use many word pictures in Ezekiel's ministry. Explain (as best you can) what each of these word pictures represent: Building a siege wall? Laying on left side 390 days? Laying on right side 40 days? 4:1-8
Measure out your bread & water? 4:9-17
Cutting & destroying his hair? 5:1-12

3. What phrase is repeated in chapter 6, which is used to express God's motive for His actions?

November 3 Ezekiel 7-9
1. In chapter 7, what is God going to judge Israel by? (vs 3,8-9, 27)

November 3cont. Ezekiel 7-9

The "Glory of the Lord" represents God's Presence – His Spirit dwelling with His people.

- 2. a) Where is the "Glory of the Lord" at the start of Ezekiel's vision in today's reading? 8:3-4
- b) Where does the "Glory of God" move to? 9:3
- 3. In this vision, how is God sparing the remnant of those who "sigh/despair" over abominations against God? 9:4-6

November 4 Ezekiel 10-11

Ezekiel's vision continues in today's reading.

- 1a) Where do the cherubim take the "Glory of the Lord" 10:18-19
- b) Where does the "Glory of the Lord" end up? 11:22-23
- 2a) What words of hope & encouragement does God give to Ezekiel? 11:14-21
- b) With whom is Ezekiel supposed to share these words of hope, after God's Spirit returns him to Babylon? 11:24-25

November 5 Ezekiel 12-14:11

- 1. False prophets to the Jews in exile are telling them "the time is not near to build houses" (11:2-3), falsely reassuring them that the prophecies of Ezekiel are for "a time far off" (12:27).
- a) What is God's response to these false prophecies? 12:21-28
- b) How will God deal with these false prophets? chap.13
- c) Why is God going to judge these false prophets in front of the people? (phrase repeated in chap.13)
- 2. How will God answer leaders who worship idols & then come to Ezekiel to "inquire of God"? 14:1-11

November 6 Ezekiel 14:12-16:42

1. What comfort does God give Ezekiel regarding His judgment? 14:21-23
2. The imagery of chapter 16 is amazing! a) What does God do for His bride, Israel? 1-13
b) What is Israel's downfall? 14-15
c) How degenerate is Israel's heart? 17-34
d) How will God judge His adulterous bride? 38-42
November 7 Ezekiel 16:43-17:24 1. Chapter 16:60 talks about two covenants with Israel. a) What is God's covenant "in the days of your/Israel's youth"? see Genesis 12:1
b) What is God's everlasting covenant "that will be established"? see John 3:16
2. Chap.17 is a parable prophecy about final events in Judah, under King Zedekiah(2Kings 24:17-25:21) a) Remember, who is Ezekiel speaking his prophecies to? 1:3, 3:15, 11:25

b) So, why do you think God would want these exiles to know about what (Ezekiel 17:21)	is going to happen in Judah?

November 8 Ezekiel 18-19 In 18:2, there is a proverb that was being proclaimed among the exiles, expressing that the Israelites were being punished by God for the sins of their forefathers. 1. How does God answer their attempt to blame the previous generations for their woes? 18:19-20 2. Which verses in 18:21-32 show God's desire for their repentance?

November 9 Ezekiel 20

1. List a couple of the many covenants "(I/God raised My hand in an oath") that God is reminding this rebellious house of Israel that He made with them?

2. In vs.44 God states "He will not deal with Israel as their wicked ways deserve, but He will deal with them in grace, for the sake of **His Name**". How do verses 39-43 prove God's statement?

November 10 Ezekiel 21-22

- 1. What is Ezekiel to say when the people ask "why are you sighing"? 21:6-7
- 2. Who is the "sword" that God is using against the Kingdom of Judah, in Ezekiel's prophecy? 21:9-19
- 3a) List the sins of Judah in 22:1-12, as they correspond to the 10 commandments from Deut 5:6-21.

b) What specific sins does God hold against 3 groups of leaders; priests, princes & prophets? 22:23-31

November 11 Ezekiel 23 Ezekiel talks about the 2 Kingdoms of God's people, the Israelites, as two sisters. (sad, graphic imagery)
Vs5-10: Oholah is Kingdom of
Vs11-35: Oholibah is Kingdom of What does God hold against <i>both</i> sisters? 23:36-39
November 12 Ezekiel 24-26 1. Why is Ezekiel to write down the name of that very day as a sign to the exiles? 24:1-2
2. What is God trying to communicate to the Jews in exile by these 2 word pictures? Pot of cooked meat (24:3-14):
Ezekiel manner of mourning for his wife (24:15-24):
3. When will Ezekiel's muteness be lifted (when will he speak again to the people in exile)? 24:25-27
November 13 Ezekiel 27-28 During Ezekiel's 3 years of muteness/silence, between chaps25-33, his ministry shifts to writing down God's judgments against Israel's enemies (24:1 - 9 year+10 month 33:21 - 12 year+10 month) 1a) Which nation is being judged in today's reading?

2. Which verses in chapter 28 could also be seen as a description of the fall of God's enemy-Satan?

b) Why is God judging this nation?

1.a) How long will God send Egypt into captivity? 29:11-12
b) Why will God limit Egypt to a "lowly" kingdom after they are released from captivity? 29:13-16
c) God gives Egypt to Nebuchadnezzar, King of Babylon, as a reward. Why? 29:17-21
November 15 Ezekiel 31-32 1.a) What nation is God <i>describing</i> as "a cedar in Lebanon" in 31:1-9?
b) What warning is God giving to Egypt through this word picture of the great tree (cedar in Lebanon) being "brought down"? 31:10-18
2. In chapter 32, what other enemies of Israel will join Egypt in "the Pit" of God's judgment?
November 16 Ezekiel 33-34 1. In chapter 33, what is Ezekiel's responsibility as a "watchman" over Israel?
2. In 33:21-22, what is finally confirmed, which removes God's muteness from Ezekiel?
3. What are the differences between: leaders of Israel as shepherds (34:1-10):
God as shepherd (34:11-31)

November 14 Ezekiel 29-30

November 17 Ezekiel 35-36 1.In chap35, what does God have against the Edomites, whose monument is Mt. Seir? (remember who is the founder of Edom-Gen 36:8) 2. In the future, who will be brought low & who will be rebuilt? 36:7-11 3.a) Why is God going to restore Israel? 36:21-23 b) How is God going to restore Israel? 36:24-30 **November 18 Ezekiel 37-38** 1a) What will cause these dead bones to come to life in Ezekiel's vision? 37:1-14 b) What causes our dead bodies to come to life in Christ? John 6:63, Romans 8:9-11, Ephesians 2:4-5

2. What is God communicating through this word picture of the 2 sticks becoming 1 stick in Ezekiel's hand? 37:15-28

November 19 Ezekiei 39-40:27
1. Compare the description of the birds & beasts feasting on Gog's armies in 39:17-20 with John's vision
of destruction of the Beast's armies in Revelation 19:17-21.

The remaining chapters of Ezekiel are this vision of a T_{emple} which scholars believe will be established during the millenial/1000 year REIGN OF CHRIST ON FARTH FROM REVELATION 20:4-6.

- 2.a) Where does God take Ezekiel for this last vision that is recorded in this book? 40:1-2
- b) Based on this information, where is this temple of the future, located?

November 20 Ezekiel 40:28-41:26

- 1.a) What offerings will still be given as **memorials** to God's atonement & forgiveness at this temple? 40:38-43?
- b) How do we know that these offerings will not be for actual atonement? Hebrews 10:5-18 for insight

November 21 Ezekiel 42-43

- 1a) Look back in chap.11:22-23. Where was the "glory of God" left in Ezekiel's last vision before the destruction of the temple?
- b) Where is the "glory of God" coming from as He makes His way back to this temple? 43:2
- 2. Where does the "glory of the Lord" end up in this vision? 43:4

Extra Credit: What do you think this information could be expressing regarding God's acceptance or rejection of any temples erected during the history between Solomon's temple destroyed by the Babylonians & this temple built for the millennial/1000 year reign?

November 22 Ezekiel 44-45:12 1.a) Which Levites will not be allowed to come near God & minister as a priest in this temple? 44:10-14
b) Who will be allowed to come near God & minister as a priest in this temple? 44:15-16
c) How do these standards differ from the standards presented in Leviticus 3:5-10
2. What will "the prince" (not capitalized – so an earthly leader in millenial kingdom) be responsible for in this future kingdom? 45:7-10
November 23 Ezekiel 45:13-46:24 1.What 2 feasts will be celebrated in this future kingdom? What 1 did Israel already celebrate? 45:18-25
2. What offerings are to made daily at this temple? 46:13-15
November 24 Ezekiel 47-48 1.a) Where will this "water that brings life & healing" be originating from? 47:1-2
b) Compare this visual to the Words of Jesus in John 7:37-39
2. What will be the name of this future city? 48:35

November 25 Daniel 1-2:23 The first half of book of Daniel records 5 supernatural miracles that God performs while His people are exiled in Babylon.

1. Why were Daniel & his friends brought to Babylon? 1:4-5
2. What miracle did God provide to the King of Babylon regarding Daniel & his friends? 1:11-20
3. What ridiculous demand does King Nebuchadnezzar make to his wise men? 2:1-13
November 26 Daniel 2:24-3:30
1.a) What miracle does Daniel perform with God's power? 2:24-45
b) How does the King respond? 2:47-49
2. What is the stand that Daniel's 3 friends must take for God? 3:7-18
3.a) What supernatural miracle does God provide these men for their stand? 3:19-27

b) How does the King respond to this miracle? 3:28-30
November 27 Daniel 4 1a) What was Nebuchadnezzar's downfall, which God addressed in this second dream of the great tree being brought low? 4:28-31
b) How does God discipline him for this sin?
2. What words of Nebuchadnezzar show his heart of humility & repentance before the Most High God? 4:34-37
November 28 Daniel 5 1. Nebuchadnezzar's son, Belshazzar is now king. How does he disrespect God during this party for his idols? 5:1-4
2. What miracle does God perform to get his attention? How does the king react? 5:5-7
3. Who is able to read these words of judgment against Belshazzar? How do they come true?
November 29 Daniel 6 1. What is the real motive behind these leaders who want King Darius exalted to godlike status? 6:1-6
2. How does the reaction of King Darius to Daniel's disobedience differ from the earlier reactions of King Nebuchadnezzer? 6:14-15
3a) What is the miracle that God performs for King Darius? 6:16-23

b) How does this King respond to God's miracle? 6:24-28
November 30 Daniel 7 The remainder of the book of Daniel records 4 visions from God concerning future events.
1. What do the 4 beasts in Daniel's first vision represent? 7:15-17
2. Describe: The Ancient of Days (vs.9-10)
The Ancient of Days (vs.5 10)
The One like the Son of Man (vs.13-14)
3. What verses seem to describe events similar to those recorded in the visions of John in Revelation?
5. What verses seem to describe events similar to those recorded in the visions of some in revelation: